

6 | Reinforcement

Name ▶

Vocabulary

1 Which of the following words and expressions have got positive or negative meanings?

respect • offend • appropriate • rude • cultural taboo • tolerant

Positive	Negative
1.	4.
2.	5.
3.	6.

2 Complete the sentences with the words or expressions in Exercise 1.

1. Always parents and teachers.
2. Try to be of your younger sisters and brothers.
3. Never interrupt when someone is speaking. It's
4. Be careful that your behaviour does not anyone.
5. In some cultures, there isn't a against eating dogs.
6. For a hike in the hills, high-heeled shoes are not

3 Choose the correct answer.

1. Not all Californians fit the **pop culture** / **stereotype** of being tall and blonde.
2. The children found it hard to **adapt** / **respect** to their new school.
3. **Liberal** / **Conservative** people are open to new ideas.
4. The dance festival was the main **cultural taboo** / **cultural event** of the year.
5. When they first arrive in a new country, immigrants usually experience **democracy** / **culture shock**.
6. When millions of people follow a certain fashion in clothes or music, it becomes **pop culture** / **multicultural**.
7. Islam is the **major religion** / **smallest population** of Saudi Arabia.
8. England is a **nationality** / **monarchy**, even though the Queen has little power.
9. It's **respectful** / **offensive** to stand when the judge enters the courtroom.

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4 Choose the correct continuation.

1. This ring is unique.
 - a. It's much too big.
 - b. There isn't another one like it.
2. The guest's behaviour was offensive.
 - a. He was careful to be very polite.
 - b. Clearly, he wasn't familiar with their culture.
3. Don't judge her.
 - a. You don't know anything about her life.
 - b. She's not an honest person.
4. John is very respectful.
 - a. He gets angry easily.
 - b. He's always polite to old people.
5. It was a very diverse group.
 - a. There were people of all ages and cultures.
 - b. They were all British school students.

5 Find one answer that is INCORRECT.

1. Her language was ...
 - a. rude
 - b. formal
 - c. cultural
2. People wore ... clothing.
 - a. tolerant
 - b. diverse
 - c. appropriate
3. We live in a ... society.
 - a. multicultural
 - b. national
 - c. conservative
4. I'm sorry. I don't speak ...
 - a. Holland
 - b. Turkish
 - c. Chinese

6 Complete the sentences with the correct adjective form of the words in brackets. Add a suffix (-al, -able, -ful, -ous, -ive or -ate).

1. Michael Crichton is a (fame) writer.
2. They have got a very (attract) garden.
3. Our visit to New York was (enjoy).
4. The whole evening was just (magic).
5. They arrived in Paris on a (beauty) sunny day.
6. Our neighbours are pleasant, (consider) people.

7 Complete the sentences with the correct adjectives.

1. Marie is from Ireland, and her boyfriend is from Italy.
Marie is and her boyfriend is
2. Dan's mother comes from Holland and his father from Switzerland.
Dan's mother is and his father is

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Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer.

1. The doctor says I **might** / **must** get more exercise.
2. You look great in brown. You **should** / **can** wear it more often.
3. His arm is broken, so he **isn't able to** / **may not** write.
4. Tomorrow is a holiday, so we **mustn't** / **don't have to** get up early.
5. When you are on a diet, you **ought to** / **could** drink a lot of water.
6. He stopped the car so he **should** / **could** rest for a while.

2 Choose the correct continuation.

1. You may borrow the book.
a. I've finished reading it. b. It's a good idea.
2. Greg shouldn't marry Katie.
a. She's already married. b. He doesn't love her.
3. She mustn't drive home.
a. She drank beer at the party. b. Her brother took the car.
4. I don't have to cook dinner.
a. I've never learned to cook. b. We're going out for a meal.

3 Complete the sentences with the modals below.

may • must • can't • could • should

1. You come to us for dinner. I won't accept no for an answer.
2. I have a piece of cake, please?
3. He reach it. He's not tall enough.
4. You always brush your teeth before you go to sleep.
5. I make people laugh when I was young.

4 Replace the words in bold with the words below.

needn't • mustn't • ought to • have to • might • couldn't

1. Tess **should** help her mother more.
2. I'm not sure, but she **may** be French.
3. In some countries, girls **are forbidden to** uncover their faces in public.
4. You **don't have to** explain.
5. You **must** be careful not to offend them.
6. I'm sorry we **weren't able to** come.

5 Choose the correct answer.

1. The restaurant isn't as busy as I expected. We **mustn't have** / **might not have** / **needn't have** reserved a table.
2. Jay looks happy. He **could have** / **must have** / **ought to have** passed his driving test.
3. I'm so tired this morning. I **couldn't have** / **needn't have** / **shouldn't have** gone to bed so late.
4. You **could have** / **must have** / **may have** called to tell us you were coming.

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6 Complete the sentences with the correct affirmative or negative modal perfect form of the verbs in brackets. There may be more than one possible answer.

1. Why didn't you write?
You (send) an e-mail or an SMS.
2. You missed a great film last night.
You (come) with us.
3. It's only nine o'clock.
They (go) to bed yet.
4. My dictionary isn't in my bag.
I (leave) it at home.
5. The train won't be here for ages.
We (get) here so early.

7 Choose the correct answer.

1. Danny is clever. He **could read / could have read** when he was five.
2. We **must have remembered / must remember** to buy drinks for the party tonight.
3. You **shouldn't buy / shouldn't have bought** that gift. It was much too expensive.
4. That boy plays the piano really well. He **might become / might have become** a professional pianist one day.
5. I found the book easily. You **couldn't look / couldn't have looked** very hard for it.
6. The dog **must eat / must have eaten** the steak because no one else was at home.